

Metal-semiconductor nanoheterostructures with an AlGaN quantum well and in-situ formed surface Al nanoislands

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We report on fabrication and studies of composite heterostructures consisting of an $\text{Al}_{0.55}\text{Ga}_{0.45}\text{N}/\text{Al}_{0.8}\text{Ga}_{0.2}\text{N}$ quantum well and surface Al nanoislands, grown by plasma-assisted molecular-beam epitaxy on *c*-sapphire substrates. The influence of a substrate temperature varied between 320 and 700°C on the size and density of the deposited Al nanoislands is evaluated. The effect of Al nanoislands on decay kinetics of the quantum well middle-ultraviolet photoluminescence has been investigated by time resolved photoluminescence. The samples with the maximum density of Al nanoislands of 10^8 cm^{-2} and lateral dimensions in the range of 100–500 nm demonstrated shortening of the photoluminescence lifetime, induced by interaction of the emitting quantum well and the plasmonic metal particles.

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